



EXPORT GUIDE : TEXTILES

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Introduction

1. Introduction: Textiles in Chhattisgarh

Chhattisgarh possesses a rich and diverse textile heritage, supported by abundant natural resources, traditional weaving practices, and a growing industrial ecosystem. The State is renowned for its unique handloom traditions, particularly Kosa silk, which is produced from tassar silkworms reared in its forested regions. Major sericulture and weaving clusters are spread across districts such as Korba, Janjgir-Champa, Sakti, and Rajnandgaon, providing a strong foundation for the development of the textile sector.

The sector plays a significant role in empowering artisans, weavers, and women-led enterprises while supporting inclusive economic growth. Government initiatives focused on sericulture expansion, textile cluster development, design innovation, and market access have further enhanced the sector's competitiveness. With its strong raw material base, skilled artisan workforce, expanding industrial infrastructure, and growing integration with national and international markets, Chhattisgarh is well-positioned to emerge as a prominent hub for textile and apparel production and exports. The State's textile products, particularly Kosa silk and handloom fabrics, have gained recognition in domestic and overseas markets, contributing to the growth of textile exports from the region.

In this context, this Export Guide serves as a quick reference for exporters of Textiles products from the state, offering information on markets, procedures, and facilitation support

Products & Markets

2. Know Your Product & Market

Textiles represent one of the emerging export sectors of Chhattisgarh, supported by the state's growing base of cotton cultivation, traditional silk production, and expanding textile manufacturing ecosystem. The sector contributes to employment generation, value addition, and industrial diversification, with significant potential for export-oriented growth. Cotton-based textiles, silk products, and made-up textile articles constitute the major share of the state's textile production and export basket, catering to domestic and international markets.

Chhattisgarh's textile exports are primarily concentrated across four broad product categories classified under the Harmonized System of Nomenclature (HS). These include cotton yarn and woven cotton fabrics (HS Chapters 52), silk and silk products including tussar silk (HS Chapter 50), man-made filament and staple fibre textiles (HS Chapters 54 and 55), and made-up textile articles such as home furnishings, garments, and other textile products (HS Chapter 63). The composition of textile exports from the state reflects its strengths in raw material availability, traditional silk heritage, and the gradual development of integrated textile and garment manufacturing capabilities.

2.1 Top Textiles Commodities Exported from Chhattisgarh:

The top Textiles products exported from Chhattisgarh in FY 2024-25 at HS 8 digit are listed below.

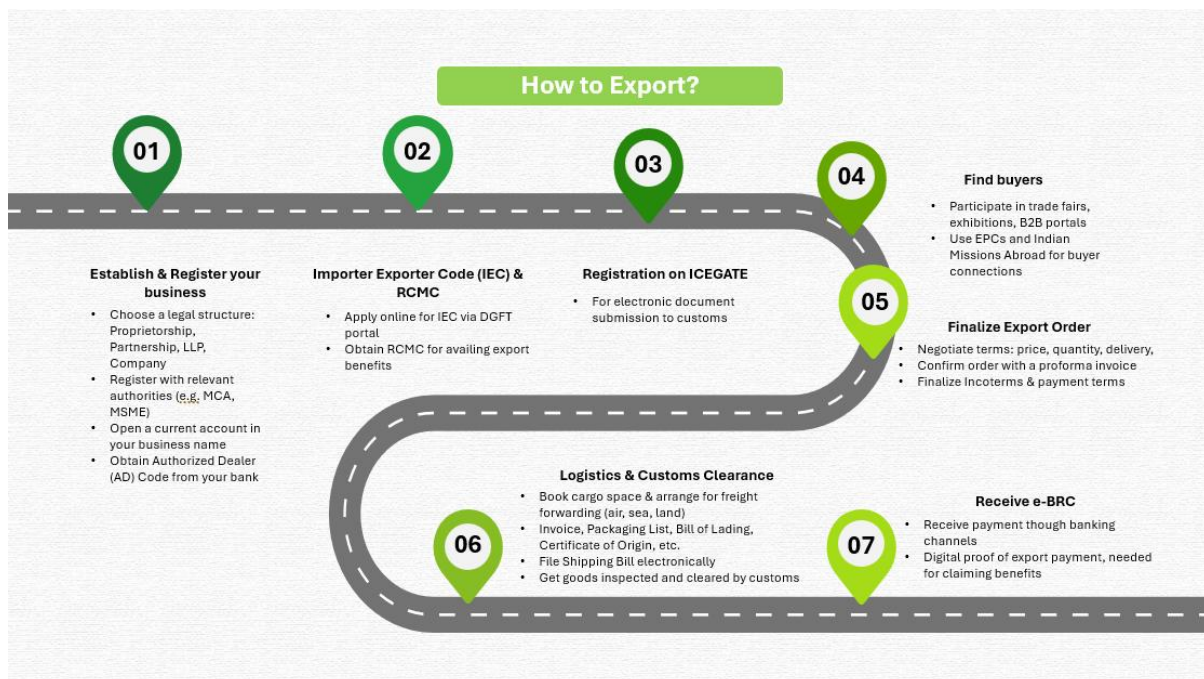
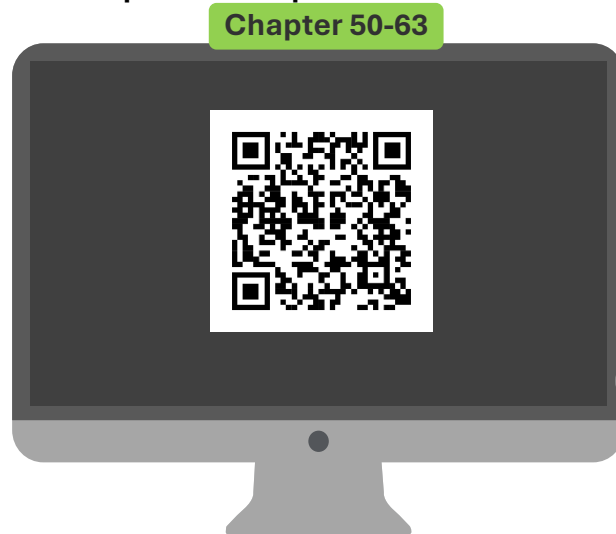
Table 1: Top Textiles products exported from Chhattisgarh (HS Chapter 50 -63) in FY 2024-25, with export destinations and high potential markets

S. No.	HS Code	Product Description	Main category	Export Destinations	Potential Markets
1	63053200	Flexible Intermediate Bulk Containers Of Man-Made Textile Materials	Man-made Textiles (MMF)	Philippines, UAE, Madagascar, UK	USA, Australia, Saudi Arabia
	63053300	Sacks And Bags Of Polyethylene Or Polypropylene Strips			
	56031400	Man-Made Filament Nonwovens Weighing More Than 150 G/Sqm			
	54023300	Textured Yarn Of Polyesters			
	56031300	Man-Made Filament Nonwovens Weighing Between 70 G/Sqm And 150 G/Sqm			
	54082219	Other Dyed Fabrics Of Rayon			

	55151330	Fabrics Of Polyester, Mixed With Wool Or Fine Animal Hair, Dyed			
2	52010015	Indian Cotton Of Staple Length 28.5 Mm (1.4/32) And Above	Cotton Textiles	Bangladesh, Maldives, Saudi Arabia	Vietnam, UAE, USA
	63059000	Sacks And Bags Of Other Textile Materials			
	63072090	Life Jackets And Life Belts (Other Than Of Cotton)			
	52114910	Zari Bordered Saree			
	52084140	Bed Ticking, Domestic			
3	46021919	Palm Leaf Items Other Than Baskets	Handicrafts (excl. carpets)	USA, South Africa, UK, UAE	Germany, Netherlands, Australia
	65040000	Hats And Other Headgear, Plaited Or Made By Assembling Strips Of Any Material			
	67029090	Other Artificial Flowers, Foliage And Fruit Of Other Materials			
	94039900	Parts Of Other Furniture – Other			
4	62031990	Suits Of Other Textile Materials	Readymade Garments	Congo D. Rep., UAE, Congo P. Rep.	UK, Germany, France
	61099090	T-Shirts, Singlets And Other Vests Of Other Textile Fibres			
	62151090	Ties, Bow Ties And Cravats Of Silk Or Silk Waste – Other			
	62014010	Overcoats, Raincoats, Car-Coats, Capes, Cloaks And Similar Articles Of Man-Made Fibres			
	62159090	Ties, Bow Ties And Cravats Of Other Textile Fibres			
	62082190	Women's Or Girls' Nightdresses And Pyjamas Of Cotton – Other			
	61031030	Suits, Knitted Or Crocheted, Of Artificial Fibres			
	62141090	Shawls, Scarves, Mufflers, Mantillas, Veils And The Like, Of Silk – Other			
	62149099	Shawls, Scarves, Mufflers, Mantillas, Veils And The Like, Of Other Textile Fibres – Other			
5	63051010	Jute Bagging For Raw Cotton	Jute Products	Congo D. Rep., Congo P. Rep.	Germany, UK
	53101013	Hessian Cloth Cntng 100% By Wt Of Jute.			
6	50072090	Other Fabrics Containing 85% Or More By Weight Of Silk Or Silk Waste (Other Than Sarees)	Silk Products	Malaysia, Canada, USA, New Zealand	UAE, Italy, France
	50060019	Silk Yarn – Other			
	50040090	Silk Yarn (Other Than Yarn Spun From Silk Waste) – Other			
	50030090	Silk Waste, Not Elsewhere Specified			
	50079090	Other Woven Fabrics Of Silk Or Silk Waste			
7	57050019	Carpets Othr Than Silk	Carpets	Australia	Germany, UK, Canada

Source: DGCIS

Scan QR code for description on all products under HS Chapters 50¹ to 63²



¹ https://www.wcoomd.org/-/media/wco/public/global/pdf/topics/nomenclature/instruments-and-tools/hs-nomenclature-older-edition/2007/hs-2007/1572_2007e.pdf?la=zh-CN

² https://www.dgciskol.gov.in/writereaddata/Downloads/20170601184946CHP_73.pdf

Export Compliances

3. Know Your Compliances: Market Access

To access any market, exporters need to check the policies, conditions, tariffs, and non-tariff measures which are applicable to textiles and its products. All governments implement regulatory frameworks and trade policies to protect their industries and economic interests.

To access markets, you should look at:



3.1 Export Rules for Your Product

India's Foreign trade policy (FTP) regulates all exports along with other laws. Foreign trade Policy says that all goods may be exported without any restriction except to the extent that such exports are regulated any other provision of FTP or any other law for the time being in force. All export has been classified as **Free, Restrictive and Prohibited** by Foreign Trade Policy (FTP)

Majority of textile products covered under HS Chapters 50–63 are freely exportable from India. However, a limited number of textile items fall under the 'Restricted' category and may be exported only after obtaining the requisite export licence or authorization from the Directorate General of Foreign Trade (DGFT).

3.1.1 Manufacturer & Merchant Exporters: The exporters (Manufacturing & Merchant) must write the names of supporting manufacturer (if present) in all relevant export documents, like Tax Invoice / Shipping Bill / Bill of Export/ Airway Bill. As defined in Para

11.59 of Foreign Trade Policy 2023³, this is a mandatory requirement for any relevant benefits to be accrued to supporting manufacturer.

3.1.2 Third party Exports: If the exporter of textile and its products are third party exporters then export documents such as shipping bill shall indicate name of both manufacturing exporter/manufacturer and third party exporter(s), e-Bank Realization Certificate (e-BRC) or export Realizations from RBI's EDPMS wherever available in DGFT IT Systems, Export Order and Invoice should be in the name of third-party exporter.⁴ This is mandatory requirement for all third-party exporters.

3.1.3 Export of Samples: Exporters may avail the benefit of exporting samples. Foreign trade policy allows exporters to exports of bona-fide trade and technical samples of freely exportable item without any limit.⁵

3.1.4 Export of Gifts: Exporters may avail the benefit of exporting gifts. Goods of value not exceeding Rs. 5,00,000/- in a licensing year, may be exported as a gift. However, items mentioned as restricted for exports in ITC(HS) shall not be exported as a gift, without an Authorisation.⁶

3.1.5 Replace of Exported goods: Exporters may avail the benefit of replacing goods. Exported goods found defective/damaged or unfit for use may be imported back by the same exporter, free of charge for replacement. This replacement part/goods may be exported back freely as per customs guidelines.

3.1.6 Payments and Receipts on Exports:

Denomination of Export Contracts: All export contracts and invoices shall be denominated either in freely convertible currency or Indian rupees, but the export earnings shall be booked in freely convertible currency (US Dollar, Japanese Yen, Euro, Pound Sterling etc)

3.1.7 Non-Realisation of Export Proceeds

Exporters must return all benefits / incentives availed against such exports, in case of non-realisation of export earnings. In case an exporter is unable to realize the export proceeds for reasons beyond his control (force majeure), he may approach RBI for writing off the unrealized amount. The payment realized through insurance cover, would be eligible for benefits.

3.1.8 Prohibited Export Destinations: Exporters shall note that all direct and indirect export of Textiles to North Korea are prohibited.⁷

³ Para 2.41 of FTP 2023

⁴ Para 2.42 of FTP 2023

⁵ Para 2.43 of FTP 2023

⁶ Para 2.44 of FTP 2023

⁷ Para 2.18 of FTP 2023 read with Appendix I

3.2. Know Your Tariffs, Taxes and Duties

Every export order attracts various lines of tariffs, taxes and duties, depending upon factors like destinations, quantum, type of goods etc. An exporter must be aware of the following type of charges in the form of duties and tariffs for Textiles products exported from Chhattisgarh.

3.2.1 Custom Duty on Export

Government of India has powers to levy of export duty on goods exported from India under the Customs Act, 1962 at the rates specified under the Second Schedule to the Customs Tariff Act, 1975. The rate of export duty can be increased in terms of Section 8(1) of the Customs Tariff Act by way of issuance of notifications for carrying out any amendment in the existing entries in the Second Schedule. Similarly, notifications can be issued in terms of Section 25(1) of the Customs Act for granting exemption from payment of export duty, as provided under the Second Schedule.

Presently, the rates specified under the Second Schedule to the Customs Tariff Act, 1975, applied on relevant HS code exported by State of Chhattisgarh are as follows⁸:

Table 2: Customs duty on top textile products exported from Chhattisgarh

Sl. No	HS 4 level	Description of article	Rate of duty
1.	5101	Raw wool	25%
2.	5201	Raw cotton	Rs. 10,000 per tonne
3.	5202	Cotton waste, all sorts	40%
4.	5308	Coir yarn	15%
5.	Any Chapter	Jute manufactures (including manufactures of Bimplipatam jute or of mesta fibre) when not in actual use as covering, receptacles or binding for other goods not elsewhere specified	Rs. 150 per tonne
6.	5310, 6305	Hessian cloth and bags- (i) Carpet backing: (ii) Other hessian cloth (including narrow backing cloth) and bags, when not in actual use as covering, receptacles or binding for other goods	Rs. 700 per tonne Rs. 1,000 per tonne
7.	5310	Jute canvas, jute webbing, jute tarpaulin cloth and manufactures thereof when not in actual use as covering, receptacles or binding for other goods	Rs. 200 per tonne

⁸ The Second Schedule - Export Tariff, The Customs Tariff Act, 1975

8.	5310	Sacking (cloth, bags, twist, yarn, rope and twine) when not in actual use as covering, receptacles or binding for other goods	Rs. 150 per tonne
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3.2.2 IGST & GST

Under the Goods and Services Tax (GST) regime in India, the applicable GST rate **on most textile products (under HS Chapters 50 and 63) range from 5% to 18%. However, exports** are treated as “**zero-rated supplies**” under Section 16 of the Integrated Goods and Services Tax (IGST) Act, 2017.

This means that exports are not taxed, and exporters can claim a refund on the taxes they paid for goods or services used to produce those exports. Exporters can access link for claiming refund of Input Tax Credit (ITC) paid on exports:

[https://tutorial.gst.gov.in/userguide/refund/Refund_of ITC paid on Exports of Goods_and_Services_without_payment_of_Integrated_Tax.htm](https://tutorial.gst.gov.in/userguide/refund/Refund_of_ITC_paid_on_Exports_of_Goods_and_Services_without_payment_of_Integrated_Tax.htm)



All Updated GST rates, Exporters can access link: <https://cbic-gst.gov.in/hindi/gst-goods-services-rates.html>



Exporters must have a GST Letter of Undertaking (LUT). All exports to foreign countries or to Special Economic Zones (SEZs) are required to attach a Letter of Undertaking (LUT) in Form GST RFD-11 (via the GST portal), to get exemptions from Integrated Goods and Services Tax (IGST). How to file LUT: Exporters can access link https://tutorial.gst.gov.in/userguide/refund/Furnishing_of_Letter_of_Undertaking.htm



3.2.3 Cess on Textiles

Under Textiles Committee (Cess) Rules, 1975, the central government has fixed a rate of **0.050% advalorem** at which customs and excise duty on all textiles and textile machinery manufactured in India, shall be levied and collected as cess. However, the following items have been exempted from the payment of cess:

- i. Rags and Chindies (Rag rugs)
- ii. All types of waste whatever description i.e. Yarn Waste, Hard Waste, Cotton Waste, Woolen Waste, Art-Silk Waste etc.
- iii. Samples of textiles

3.2.4 Tariffs

Exporters may note that the export destinations / countries apply tariffs to the products exported from India. Exporters may negotiate favourable contracts with the buyers on responsibility of bearing import duties, taxes, and other charges.

Tariffs may affect the demand of the product, as it impacts the final landing price of the product exported. Therefore, exporters from Chhattisgarh may note the tariffs applied on textile commodities in major export destinations.

Table 3: Tariffs levied by Chhattisgarh's top export destinations for Textiles products under HS Chapters 50 to 63

HS Code	Major Importers	Tariff %
5004	Malaysia	0
	Canada	0
	USA	3.9
6305	Democratic Republic of the Congo	35%
5603	Philippines	15
	UAE	5
	Madagascar	20
	UK	6
5705	Australia	5
5201	Bangladesh	0
	Maldives	0
	Saudi Arabia	5

Source: ITC Trade Map

3.4 Export Certifications

Exporters may note that the Export Inspection Council (EIC), established under the Export (Quality Control and Inspection) Act, 1963, to exercise quality control and inspection for ensuring that the products meant for export are complying to the importing country's requirements.

Presently, **Textiles products does not come under the list notified for mandatory pre-shipment inspection and certification prior to export from India.** In cases, the products which are not notified under Export (Quality Control and Inspection) Act, 1963, but importing country require Certificate of Compliance from Competent Authority of

exporting country, Exporters may utilize the Voluntary Certification Scheme to facilitate the export trade. For more information, visit the [following link](#)⁹ or scan the QR code below



One such voluntary standards are laid down by the International Organization for Standardization (ISO). ISO is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies. ISO has developed International Standards for textile products namely ICS 59. ISO International Standards and other ISO deliverables (TS, PAS, IWA, TR) are voluntary.

Exporters may access the link <https://www.iso.org/ics/59/x/>



3.4.1 Common testing and certifications for textile products

Global buyers may specify requirements for certain test and certification requirement as per mandatory obligation their respective countries. Those test and certification requirements may be carefully negotiated and will become part of contracts. Some of the most commonly requested testing and certification requirement for textile products are listed below.

Table 4: Indicative testing and voluntary certifications commonly requested for Textile products:¹⁰

⁹ <https://eicindia.gov.in/WebApp1/pages/menuInfo/documents.xhtml>

¹⁰ Europe: EN standards (e.g., EN 10025, EN 10204, EN 1090), CE marking for construction products
 USA: ASTM (A36, A572, etc.), ASME, AISI, AWS D1.1
 Japan: JIS standards (e.g., JIS G3101, G3131), stringent NDT & fatigue requirements

Sr. No.	Certification Standard	Main Focus	Scope	Significance for Consumers
1	OEKO-TEX® STANDARD 100	Testing for harmful substances in finished products and all production stages	The entire textile chain, from yarn to finished product	Product is safe and harmless for skin contact
2	GOTS	At least 70% certified organic natural fibers, environmental and social standards	The entire processing chain, from harvesting to finished product	Product is sourced from organic farming and production is environmentally sound and humane
3	GRS	Recycled content percentage, chain of custody, social and environmental practices	Products containing at least 20% recycled material	Product uses recovered materials and is produced responsibly
4	bluesign®	Chemical, water, and energy management for the entire production process	The entire supply chain, from chemical supply to textile manufacturing	Product manufacturing minimizes impact on the environment and human health

3.4.2 Registration Cum Membership Certificate

The Registration-cum-Membership Certificate (RCMC) is a certificate issued by Export Promotion Councils (EPCs) or Commodity Boards in India. It is mandatory for availing export incentives under Foreign Trade Policy and for some categories of exports. It establishes that your business is a recognized exporter of specific goods/services. There are various Export Promotion Councils in India for various types of textiles:

- i. Cotton Textile Export Promotion Council
- ii. Handloom Export Promotion Council
- iii. The Synthetic and Rayon Textile Export Promotion Council
- iv. Indian Silk Export Promotion Council
- v. Wool and Woolen Export Promotion Council
- vi. Carpet Export Promotion Council
- vii. Export Promotion Council for Handicrafts
- viii. Powerloom Development & Export Promotion Council
- ix. Wool Industry Export Promotion Council

3.4.3 Certificate of Origin

A Certificate of Origin is an important international trade document that certifies the country in which a product was manufactured or produced. This document also enables exporters to claim **tariff concessions or reduced duty rates** under specific **Free Trade Agreements (FTAs)** or **Regional Trade Agreements (RTAs)**.

In India, the various Export Promotion Councils depending upon the type of textile are authorized to issue Certificate of Origin for textile products.

3.4.4 How to obtain Registration Cum Membership Certificate from EPCs

To get RCMC from AEPC, the following steps need to be carefully undertaken

Step 1: Have a valid Import Export Code (IEC) issued by the DGFT

Step 2: Online Registration

- Visit the official AEPC India website: <https://www.aepcindia.com>.
- Go to the 'Membership' section.
- The page will re-direct to DGFT portal. Apply for e-RCMC on DGFT portal with AEPC as preferred authority
- Register using your IEC number and contact details.

Step 3: Upload required documents.

- Self-certified copy of IEC
- Copy of GST Registration Certificate
- Copy of PAN card of the firm
- Declaration on company letterhead as per AEPC format
- Cancelled cheque or bank certificate.
- Board resolution/authorization letter in case of company.

Step 4: Pay Membership Fees

Annual membership fees vary based on firm turnover:

- INR 10,620 (including GST) for firms with turnover up to INR 50 Cr
- INR 15,340 (including GST) for firms with turnover above INR 50 Cr

Payment can be made online via net banking, credit/debit card.

Step 5: Issuance of RCMC

- Upon successful document verification and payment, AEPC will issue the RCMC.
- Applicant can download the RCMC from the AEPC membership portal.

Validity & Renewal of RCMC:

The RCMC issued by AEPC India is valid for 5 years from the date of issuance, subject to the payment of annual membership fees. Exporters must ensure timely renewal to avoid discontinuation of benefits.

3.4.5 How to obtain CoO from AEPC

AEPC is also responsible for issuing Certificate of Origin for Textile exports from India. The step-by-step process for obtaining Certificate of Origin from AEPC is listed below.

Step 1: Register on DGFT CoO e-platform

- Go to <https://coo.dgft.gov.in>.

- Register as an exporter using your IEC number.
- Authenticate with OTP/email and create login credentials.

Step 2: Log in and Apply for Certificate of Origin

- Select AEPC India as the issuing agency from the dropdown list.
- Choose the appropriate CoO type: Preferential or Non-Preferential.

Step 3: Fill in necessary documents & details of export

- Commercial Invoice
- Packing List
- Bill of Lading / Airway Bill
- Purchase Order / LC
- Manufacturing declaration (if required)
- Enter product details, HS code, destination, and shipment information

Step 4: Submit Application and Make Payment

- Submit the filled application online.
- Pay the applicable fees via net banking or credit/debit card.

Step 5: Verification and approval by AEPC

- AEPC officials review and verify your application and documents.
- Respond to any queries raised for additional information.

Step 6: Download the Certificate of Origin

- Once approved, download the digitally signed Certificate of Origin from the portal.
- Print and attach it with your export documentation for customs clearance.

Finding Buyers

4. Find Your Buyer

Identifying reliable buyers is a critical step in expanding export opportunities for producers and manufacturers in Chhattisgarh. Exporters can explore multiple channels to connect with international buyers, including approaching country help desks, participation in trade fairs, B2B meetings, and buyer-seller meets facilitated by Export Promotion Councils and Indian Missions abroad.

Exporters may identify the buyers in foreign markets for Textiles by directly becoming member of Apparel Export Promotion Council. It is one of the Export Promotion Councils (EPCs) established with the objective to promote and develop Indian exports.

The following channels are mainly used to connect with international buyers.

4.1 Country Help Desk

Many countries operate dedicated trade helpdesks or enquiry points through their respective trade promotion bodies, ministries, or chambers of commerce. These helpdesks are established to facilitate transparent trade practices, enhance international buyer engagement, and support global market access.

Importantly, these helpdesks are functional and accessible to importers from other countries and serve as valuable points of contact.

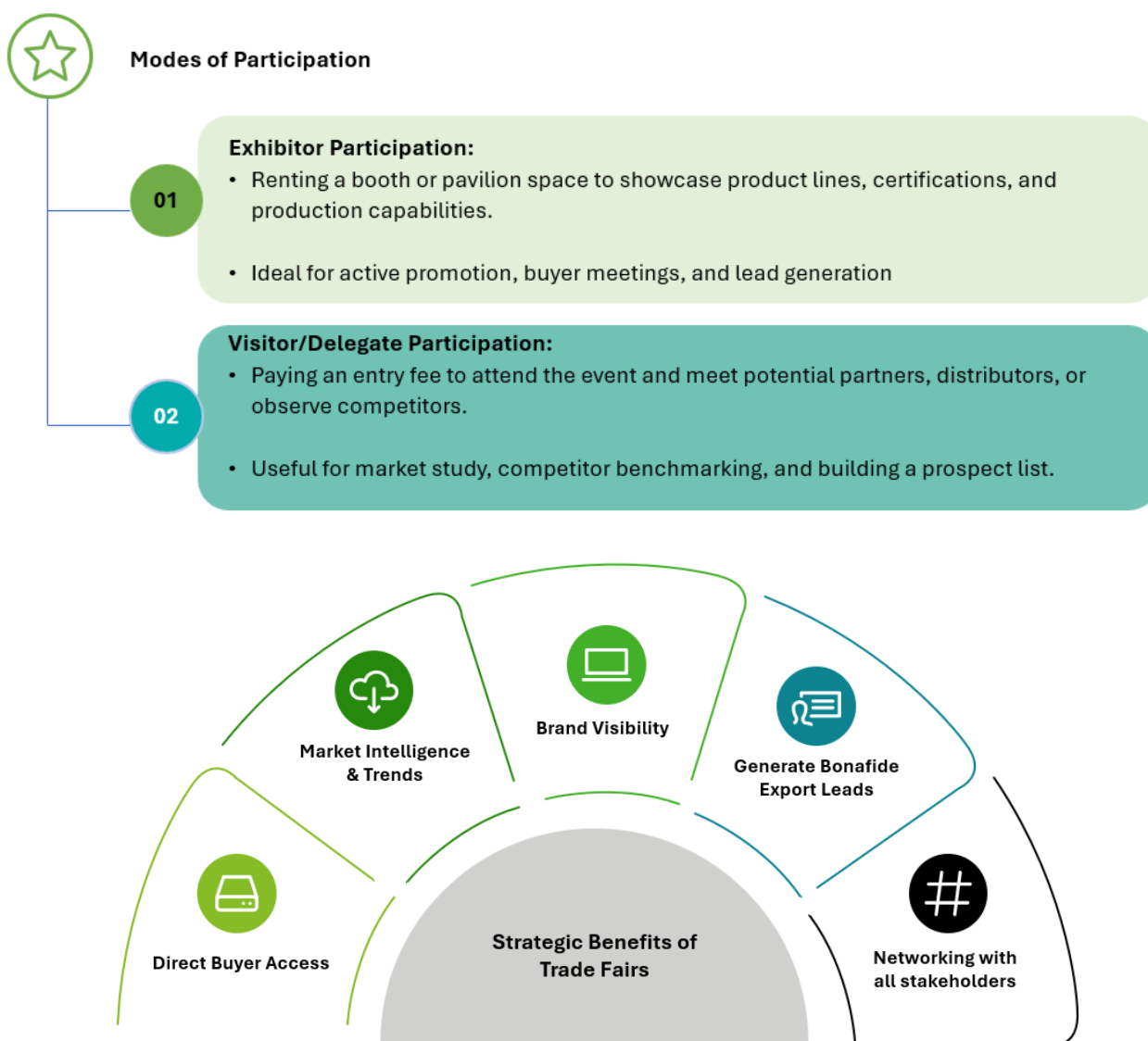
Table 6: Major Country Helpdesks for buyer identification

Country / Region	Helpdesk Name	Operating Agency	Scope & Services	Official Website
European Union	<i>Access2Markets</i> (formerly EU Trade Helpdesk)	European Commission (Directorate-General for Trade)	Provides market specifics by HS code—tariffs, regulatory reqs, VAT, customs procedures, trade barriers, statistics; interactive helpdesk support etc	https://trade.ec.europa.eu/access-to-markets
United States	<i>International Trade Administration (ITA) – Contact Us</i>	U.S. Department of Commerce	Offers one-on-one expert assistance, barrier reporting, trade compliance, market guides, importer/exporter support	https://www.trade.gov/contact-us
United Kingdom	<i>UK Trade Info – Customer Services</i>	HM Revenue & Customs (HMRC) / Dept. for Business and Trade	Assists with import statistics, Intrastat, tariff classification, data tables, API help, import controls, guidance via email/phone	https://www.uktradeinfo.com/help-and-support

Japan	<i>Japan Customs Tariff Consultation</i>	Japan Customs	Provides import tariff information, HS classification, regulation guidance via online tools and documentation	http://www.customs.go.jp/english/tariff/
China	<i>Global Trade Helpdesk (Chinese version)</i>	ITC + CCPIT & Chinese Customs/MOFCOM	Multilingual portal covering tariffs, import/export data, SPS/TBT measures, trade finance, e-commerce; central service center in Xiamen	https://globaltradehelpdesk.org (Chinese version)

4.2 Trade Fairs & Exhibitions

Trade fairs and international exhibitions remain one of the most effective and proven platforms for connecting exporters with global buyers, distributors, agents, and institutional procurement bodies. These events facilitate direct engagement, market visibility, and opportunity mapping.



Sl.no	Trade Fair	Venue	Frequency	Sector Focus	Website
1	ITMA	Rotates across Europe	Every 4 Years	Textile machinery, garment technology, automation, sustainability, technical textiles	https://www.itma.com/
2	Heimtextil	Frankfurt, Germany	Annual	Home textiles, furnishings, carpets, interior textiles	https://heimtextil.com/
3	China International Silk Expo	Hangzhou, China	Annual	Silk fabrics, apparel, silk products, silk trade	-
4	Intertextile Shanghai Apparel Fabrics	Shanghai, China	Biannual	Apparel fabrics, accessories, fibres, yarns	-
5	Techtextil	Frankfurt, Germany	Biannual	Technical textiles, nonwovens, functional fabrics, industrial textiles	https://techtextil.com/ - texprocess.messefrankfurt.com/

Table 7: List of major trade fairs for Textiles products

4.3 Trade Associations

Trade associations, industry bodies, and export promotion councils are central to creating structured platforms for international trade engagement. These organizations operate as sectoral aggregators, advocacy bodies, and facilitators of global trade relationships. For exporters, particularly in sectors like textile, trade associations can offer direct access to qualified buyers, market linkages, and collaborative opportunities.

Buyer Databases & Referrals

Maintain curated databases of potential buyers, distributors, and trade leads—often shared with member exporters or through private sessions

Networking Events & B2B Forums

Facilitate structured networking events, matchmaking sessions, and reverse buyer-seller meets alongside major trade fairs or stand-alone platforms



Market Entry Facilitation:

Provide critical insights on customs regulations, product conformity, market access challenges, and assist in navigating local trade environments

Trade Missions & Delegations

Trade associations frequently organize outbound and inbound buyer-seller meets, industry delegations, and government-supported trade missions—connecting local suppliers with vetted international buyers.

Association	Sector/Scope	Region	Website
International Textile Manufacturers Federation	Global textiles	Global	https://www.itmf.org/
International Apparel Federation	Global apparel & garments	Global	https://www.iafnet.com/

International Cotton Advisory Committee (ICAC)	Cotton textiles &	Global (intergovernmental)	https://icac.org/
National Council of Textile Organizations (NCTO)	Global cotton trade	USA	https://ncto.org/

Table 8: Major Global Trade Associations for Textiles

Table 9: Major Trade Associations / Chambers in the United States of America

Sr. No.	Association Name	Address (with City & ZIP)	Phone	Email	Website
1	American Chamber of Commerce Executives	4232 King Street, Alexandria (22302)	703-998-0072	webmaster@acce.org	http://www.acce.org
2	United States Chamber of Commerce	1615 H Street, N.W., Washington (20062)	202-659-6000	membership@uschamber.com	http://www.uschamber.org/
3	Chamber Alliance of New York State	152 Washington Avenue, Albany (12210)	518-465-7511	mcgrawd@nysnet.net	http://www.canys.org
4	Association of Commerce and Industry of New Mexico	2309 Renard Pl SE Ste 301, PO Box 9706, Albuquerque (87119)	505-842-0644	aci@nm.net	http://www.aci.nm.org
5	Maryland Chamber of Commerce	60 West Street, Suite 100, Annapolis (21401)	410-269-0642	mcc@mdchamber.org	http://www.mdchamber.org
6	Antioch Chamber of Commerce	324 G Street, Antioch (94509)	925-757-1800	acoc@antiochchamber.com	http://www.antiochchamber.com
7	Georgia Chamber of Commerce	235 Peachtree Street N. E., #900, Atlanta (30303)	404-223-2264	lindsay@gacchamber.org	http://www.gacchamber.com
8	Maine State Chamber of Commerce	7 University Dr., Augusta (04330)	207-623-4568	info@mainechamber.org	http://www.mainechamber.org
9	Texas Association of Business and Chambers of Commerce	1209 Nueces Street, Austin (78701)	512-477-6721	bhammond@tabcc.org	http://www.tabcc.org
10	Louisiana Association of Business and Industry	3113 Valley Creek Drive, PO Box 80258, Baton Rouge (70898)	504-928-5388	labi@labi.org	http://www.labi.org
11	Greater North Dakota Association	2000 Schafer Street, PO Box 2639, Bismarck (58502)	701-222-0929	gnda@gnda.com	http://www.gnda.com
12	Bismarck - Mandan Chamber of Commerce	2000 Schafer St., PO Box 1675, Bismarck (58502)	701-223-5660	office@chmbr.org	http://www.chmbr.org/
13	Idaho Association of Chambers of Commerce	PO Box 2368, Boise (83701)	208-472-5221	mcarlson@boisechamber.org	http://www.boise.org
14	Greater Boston Chamber of Commerce	1 Beacon Street 4th Floor, Boston (02108)	617-227-4500	pguzzi@bostonchamber.com	http://www.bostonchamber.com

Table 10: Major Trade Associations / Chambers in Europe & China

Sl. No	Name of the Chamber	Address	Phone	Email	Website
Italy					
1	Unione Italiana delle Camere di Commercio, Industria, Artigianato e Agricoltura	Piazza Sallustio 21, ROMA 00187	+39-6-4704207	segreteria.generale@unioncamere.it	http://www.unioncamere.it
Spain					
2	Consejo Superior de Camaras de Comercio, Industria y Navegacion de Espana	Velazquez 157, MADRID 28002	+34-91-5906900	ext.boni@cscamaras.es	http://www.camerdata.es/info/txtconsejoh.htm
3	Alava Chamber of Commerce and Industry	C/ Eduardo Dato 38, ALAVA 01005	+34-945-141800	ccialava@jet.es	http://www.camerdata.es/camaras/alava
4	Albacete Chamber of Commerce and Industry	C/ Tesifonte Gallego, 22, ALBACETE 02002	+34-967-590093	ccialbacete@camerdata.es	http://www.camerdata.es/albacete/
5	Camara de Comercio e Industria de Alcoy	C/ Sant Francesc, 10, ALCOY 03801	+34-965-549100	correo@camaracomalcoy.es	—
6	Alicante Chamber of Commerce and Industry	C/. San Fernando 4, ALICANTE 03002	—	general@camara--alc.es	http://www.camerdata.es/camaras/alicante
7	Camara Oficial de Comercio, Industria y Navegacion de Alicante	San Fernando 4, ALICANTE 03002	+34-965-201133	camaraor@dip--alicante.es	—
8	Avila Chamber of Commerce and Industry	C/. Eduardo Marquina 6, AVILA 05001	+34-920-211173	ca0500@camerdata.es	http://www.camerdata.es/avila
Germany					
9	Association of German Chambers of Commerce and Industry	Breite Strasse 29, Berlin D-10178	+49-30-20308-0	dihk@bonn.dihk.de	http://www.ihk.de
10	Chamber of Commerce and Industry Aachen	Theaterstrasse 6-10, Aachen D-52062	+49-241-4460-0	info@aachen.ihk.de	http://www.aachen.ihk.de/
11	IHK fuer das südwestliche Westfalen zu Arnsberg	Koenigstrasse 18-20, Arnsberg D-59818	+49-2931-878-0	ihk@arnsberg.ihk.de	http://www.ihk-arnsberg.de
12	Chamber of Commerce and Industry Aschaffenburg	Kerschensteinerstrasse 9, Aschaffenburg 63741	+49-6021-880-0	ihk@aschaffenburg.ihk.de	http://www.aschaffenburg.ihk.de
13	Chamber of Commerce and Industry Oberfranken Bayreuth	Bahnhofstrasse 25-27, Bayreuth 95444	+49-921-886-0	ihk.bt@bayreuth.ihk.de	http://www.bayreuth.ihk.de

14	Berlin Chamber of Commerce	Fasanenstrasse 85, Berlin D-10623	+49-30-31510669	bao@berlin.ihk.de	http://www.berlin.ihk.de
China					
15	All-China Federation of Industry and Commerce	No.1 Floor C Lanyu building, 100011 Beijing	+86-10-62389641	acficic@datachina.com.cn	http://www.datachina.com.cn
16	China Council for the Promotion of International Trade	1 Fuxing menwai Street, 100860 Beijing	+86-10-68013344	ccpitweb@public.bta.net.cn	http://www.ccpit.org/
17	ICC China - China Chamber of International Commerce	1, Fung Xing Men Wai Street, 100860 Beijing	+86-10-6804-1275	hfli@public.east.cn.net	http://www.icc-china.org
18	China Chamber of International Commerce - Beijing Chamber	100011 Beijing	+86-10-64250792	ccoicbj@public.bta.net.cn	http://www.ccpitbj.com
19	CCPIT Jilin Chamber of Commerce	81 Stalin Street, 130021 Changchun	+86-431-5625201	webmaster@jl.org	http://www.jl.org/ccpit/
20	CCPIT Guangzhou Sub-Council	Rm. 809 Guangzhou World Trade Center,	020 87754818	Liaision@ccpitgz.com.cn	http://www.ccpitgz.com.cn
21	CCPIT Guangdong Sub-council	Central Hotel Jichang Road, 969, 510405 GUANGZHOU	020 86577298	ccpit@public.guangzhou.gd.cn	http://www.getgd.net



5. Conclusion

This Export Guide for Textiles has been carefully developed as a comprehensive, end-to-end reference tool for exporters aiming to initiate or scale up their international trade operations. Anchored in the context of Chhattisgarh's industrial strengths, it offers a structured overview of the export lifecycle—from understanding the product profile and compliance landscape to identifying tariffs, navigating regulatory requirements, and engaging with buyers.

The guide consolidates vital information essential for exporters, including applicable export rules and documentation protocols; tariffs, duties, country-specific import duties; certification and declarations, and strategies for effective buyer identification through resources such as country helpdesks, trade fairs, and trade associations.



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